

Innovative Engineering Education with Community-Based Projects at Kanazawa Institute of Technology



CDIO Asian Regional Meeting March 24-26, 2014 Kanazawa, JAPAN

Kanazawa Institute of Technology Keiichi SATO ksato@neptune.kanazawa-it.ac.jp



1. Introduction

Circumstances Surrounding Universities & Higher Educational Institutions

K. I. T. Change of circumstances surrounding金沢工業大学Japanese universities (KIT)

- Practice trends in science & technology/ Diversity, refinement and integration trends in academic fields/ Progress in computer-aided technology/ Interest in environmental and energy problems
- Change of student disposition due to affluent lives/ Problems in learning => Decline in academic interest and motivation for learning
- From rote memorization to applicable, practical, and creative activities/Importance of innovation in engineering
- Development of pedagogy





2. Engineering Education at Kanazawa Institute of Technology (KIT)

1) Transition of KIT-Education



Recent Progress in engineering education at KIT

From the latter part of 20th century : Reformation & renovation on a global scale

Yume-koubou (1993), Engineering design education, Project Based Learning,, Team activity, ...

KIT educational reform (1995-)

Curriculum with project-based design course as the main pillar

Feedback and reforms: To foster "active-minded engineers" who can succeed in real world"

KIT joins CDIO-initiative in June 2011

Center of Community: University which can communicate with local community

The 5th educational reform



2) Educational Goal: What kind of engineers does KIT aim to nurture?

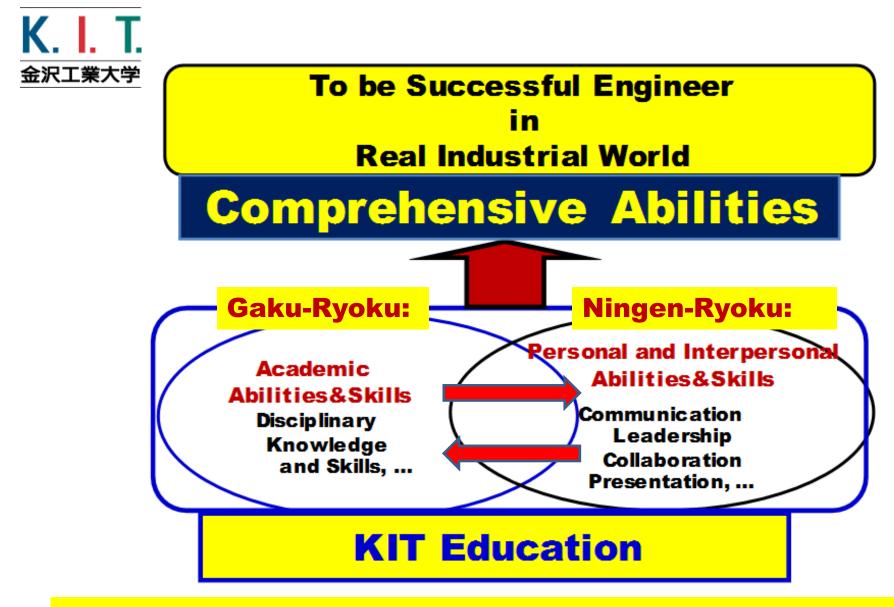


What attributes should graduates of KIT acquire?

KIT Educational Goal:

Engineers who can act with initiative based on creative thinking

Nurture of human resources who can succeed in a real (industrial) world



Two important competencies in KIT education



Comprehensive Abilities

Gaku-Ryoku= Academic Abilities & Skills

Knowledge and skills in discipline

X

* Red colored words = in Japanese Ningen-Ryoku= **Personal and** Interpersonal **Abilities & Skills** in KIT (1) Independence and **Autonomy** (2) Leadership (3) Collaboration skill (4) Presentation skill (5) Communication skill



3. Fundamental Elements in KIT Educational Program



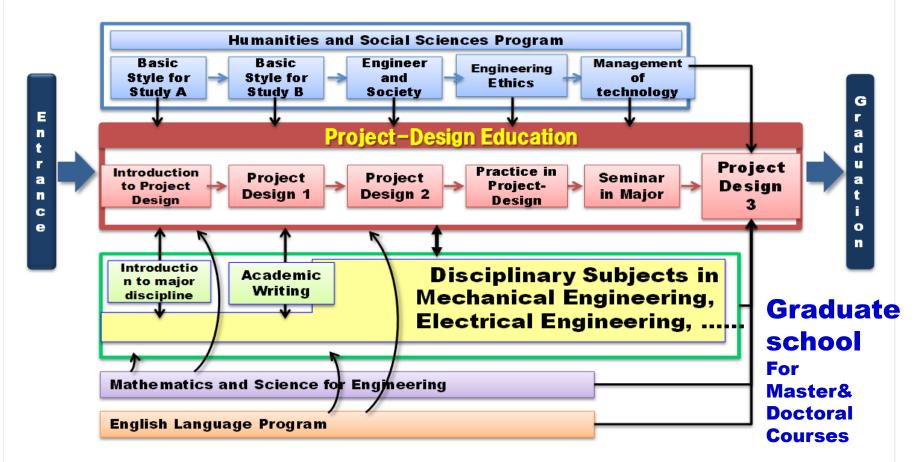
Four Elements in KIT-Educational Program

A) Curriculum

- **B) Workspaces**
- **C) Learning Methods; Class-Work & Extracurricular activities**

D) Reflection and Feedback

A) Curriculum



International Standard-Directed Curriculum

with its pillar of Project-Design Education

Outline of KIT curriculum 2012





Yume-Koubo: The Factory for Dreams and Ideas



Seminar House

■ Robot ■ Human powered aircraft ■ Human powered boat ■ RoboCup ■ GPS boat ■ Wind powered generator ■ Electric vehicle ■ Model making ■ Solar car ■ Eco run ■ Conveyance vehicle ■ Solar boat ■ Emergency robot ■ Formula car

K. I. T. <u>ARTING Research Campus in Yatsukaho</u>

Project Design III :Senior(Graduation) Project Research in graduate students (M.C. & PhD)







I. Courtesy Call on Prime Minister Shinzo Abe as the representative of Japanese universities





ations Ember

ABU Asia-Pacific Robot Contest 2013 Vietnam







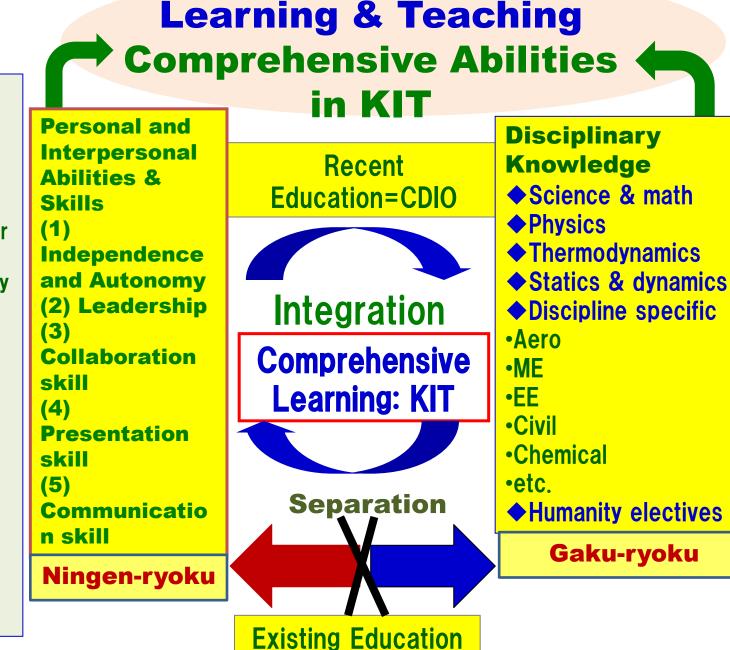
C) Learning Methods; Class-Work & Extracurricular Activities

From Teacher-Centered Education To Learner-Centered Education



Engineering Practice Skills:CDIO

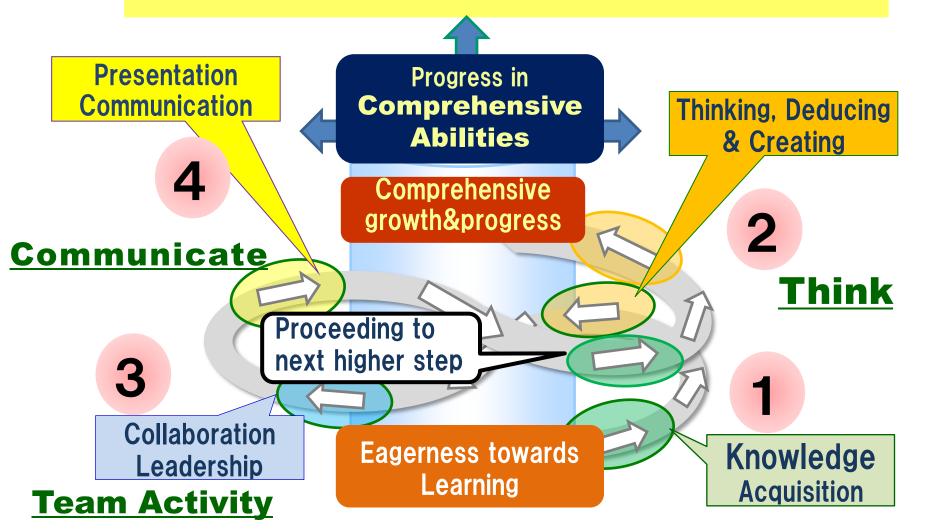
♦ Functional Design & build •Operate & repair Professional •Ethics & Integrity Behavior Personal •Thinking. planning •Time mgt.. initiative Interpersonal Communication •Teamwork. leadership Business Customer •Marketing





CLIP: Comprehensive Learning Initiative Process

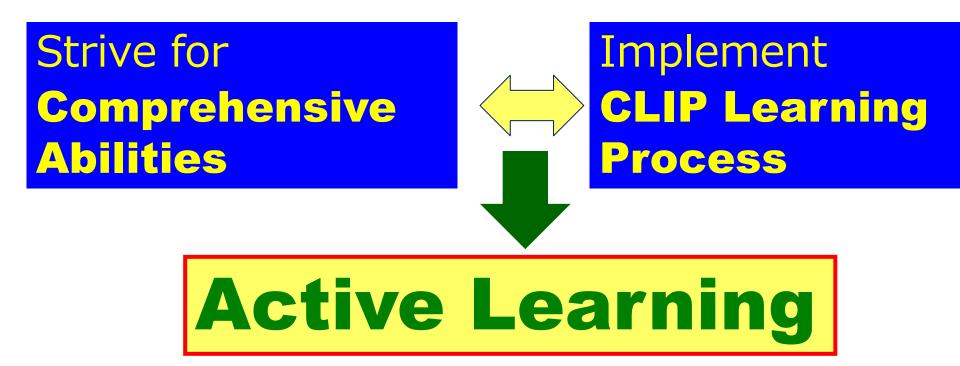
Upward Spiral Circuit in CLIP-Learning Process







How should we implement the CLIP learning process for the comprehensive abilities ?



Comprehensive Learning-type Class



"Active Learning" of Each class, Each subject, and Each teacher

For Example: for KIT program

Practice on innovative development of human resources through communitybased educational reforms



4. Practice on Innovative Development of Human Resources through Community-Based Educational Reforms

2013 MEXT: Center of Community Project MEXT (Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology in JAPAN)





Collaboration with Local Community toward Innovative Human Resources Development

From teacher-centered education to learner-centered education

Preparation of learning environment where students learn by their own initiative (workspace)

-promotion of creative project activities

-support system for students to engage in learning activities in conjunction with classwork

With regional partnership, we aim to promote human resources development in cooperation with local governments, residents, and industries







COC : Center of Community Community-based Education & Research Projects at KIT

Merging of Education, Research and Social contribution as professor's primary tasks

Education/Research Project Social Contribution Project Cooperation of teachers, staffs, businesses and local residents

Enhancement of opportunity for projectbased learning Opportunity for Practical Learning



Community-based education Comprehensive learning-type class Achievement of active learning



Active Campus/Education & Research Environment



Community Based Project (Example1)

Geospatial Information Project By Prof. Shikada's group

The geospatial information project provides an opportunity for local community to study advanced technologies. Geospatial technology is utilized in various fields such as car navigation systems, map services, surveying, and monitoring services for children and the elderly.





Community Based Project (Example2)

Medical Engineering CollaborationProjectby Prof. Shintani's group

KIT has made a cooperative agreement with Kanazawa Medical University to address immediate problems of disease treatment. We also partner with businesses in the field of medical engineering.





Re-Design Apartment Project By Prof. Miyashita's group

This project contributes to community development on the basis of a cooperative agreement with important stakeholders in the local communities of Kanazawa City and Nonoichi City. This is an extremely beneficial experience for students studying architecture.

K. I. T.

金沢工業大学





5. Concluding Remarks



>The direction of KIT engineering education program fits the context of CDIO-Initiative.

- Curriculum with project based design education as its main pillar
- Many workspaces, such as the Factory for Dreams & Ideas
- Active learning based on the CLIP-learning process
- Promotion of integrated learning activities based on community-related projects, which make regional contributions and provide students and teachers with an opportunity to be motivated and reflected

>By participating in the CDIO-Initiative which indicates an international standard engineering education program, KIT strives to expose the strengths and weakness of the KIT education program and formulate specific remedial measures from a global viewpoint with the goal of enhancing engineering education.



Thank you for your attention!